

WEAVER FLOPS AGAIN

Mayor Out for Republican Organization Candidates.

MAKES ATTACK ON FUSIONISTS

Newspapers Dominated by John Mack, Declares Philadelphia Mayor. Believed to Control 17,000 Votes in City Alone, and to Have Influence in State—Prompted by Treachery.

Philadelphia, Nov. 2.—Mayor Weaver again changed his politics to-day, and after a year's allegiance to the City Party, came out strongly as possible for Edwin S. Stuart and Samuel Rotan, the Republican organization candidates for governor of Pennsylvania and district attorney of Philadelphia, respectively. His action, prompted by the treachery of the City Party convention against his candidate for district attorney, Frederick A. Shoyer, and recent other revelations of crookedness, means 17,000 votes in Philadelphia alone for Stuart and Rotan, and will have great influence throughout the State.

In his statement the mayor declares the fusion candidates for governor and district attorney were nominated by a disreputable group, referring to the alleged domination of the Philadelphia papers by John Mack, formerly a special promoter who is credited by the organization with ambition to form a machine of his own.

Calls Reform Ticket a Mask.

The mayor goes over the entire situation fully and explains at length his reason for his action. He says he has become convinced the reform ticket is but a mask behind which are hiding men who seek to make themselves the political dictators of the city, and who wish to make a machine stronger and more dangerous than any the city has known in the past.

These men, he says, are being aided by a newspaper combination, and if successful in their designs, will, he says, be so strongly entrenched that they cannot be overthrown.

The mayor says he is as strongly for reform to-day as he ever has been, but that it will be impossible to secure genuine reform by saddling a "Mack" combination on the people of Philadelphia, as will be the case if Stuart and Gibbons should be elected next Tuesday.

In regard to the State ticket the mayor says he is and always has been a Republican, that he is a believer in and a follower of Theodore Roosevelt, and that in his opinion the Republicans of Pennsylvania can show their respect and admiration for the President in no better way than by voting for the straight Republican ticket.

HOBSON TALKS OF THE WEST.

Says Many Republicans Are Turning, and Will Vote for Democrats.

Capt. Richmond Pearson Hobson returned to Washington yesterday from Virginia, where he filled several speaking engagements under the direction of the Democratic Congressional Committee. He had little to report except that everything looked solid for the Democratic ticket.

Capt. Hobson and Chairman Griggs had a long talk about the situation in the West, where the former had been speaking for several weeks prior to his short trip to Virginia. Capt. Hobson is impressed with the idea that the farmers and merchants of the West are going to break largely from the party lines and vote for a change.

Capt. Hobson says the wrath of the people against the trusts is running deep, and that all over the West are signs of a revolt against the railroad, the coal trust, and other corporations. Capt. Hobson holds that this indignation on the part of the people in half a dozen States will be sufficient to swing the tide in favor of his party next Tuesday.

Capt. Hobson was last in Missouri, Illinois, Tennessee, and North Carolina, and there, he said, he found a most cheerful outlook for the Democratic campaign.

The Maryland appointments of Capt. Hobson have been cancelled, and he will speak in Jersey City to-morrow night, going on to New York, where he will join Chairman Griggs and other prominent Democrats to witness the wind-up in the Empire State.

GOING HOME TO VOTE.

Unusual Offers to Federal Employees to Cast Ballot.

Government employees in Washington are being urged to home and vote. No one commands them to vote, of course, but considering the inducements offered by some of the departmental bureau chiefs, it would be a mean clerk indeed who would cast his vote for an enemy of the administration.

The usual offers made to induce the government's hired men to vote this fall shows the extraordinary interest the administration is taking in the struggle.

As a sample of the offers made by some branches of the service, Public Printer Charles A. Stillins has issued a circular in which he announces that employees of his department who wish to go home to vote "will be given the necessary time for that purpose." The circular winds up with the following alluring paragraph:

"The Public Printer desires it distinctly understood that the conditions of the work in this office is such that a large proportion of the force can be spared from November 1 to November 15, more or less."

"Employees desiring to avail themselves of this opportunity may be paid the amounts due them before leaving by applying immediately for leave."

It is expected that a large number of the printers will take advantage of the permission.

Interest in the other departments is not very strong. In the Treasury thirty-five certificates have been issued in the appointment division to clerks who are anxious to cast a ballot, and that is far from the usual number who go.

In the Department of Justice only seven applications have been received.

From the Post-office 300 men will go, and 150 more are to be absent from the Pension Bureau, according to the present figures.

Twenty-two voters will represent the Department of the Interior, and thirty more depart from the General Land Office.

The White House will make a record with six votes for Hughes. Secretary Loeb and four other voters, in addition to the President, will cast their ballots in New York.

ROOT BIG FACTOR IN HUGHES' BOOM

CONTINUED FROM FIRST PAGE.

the street railroad trust, the whiskey trust, the steel trust, and the sugar trust, and the gas trust who employ him."

Says McClellan Stole Office.

Replying to Root's objection to his opposition of Mayor McClellan, of New York, Mr. Hughes said:

"I say that McClellan has stolen the office he now holds, and he knows that he has stolen it, and that the proof of his theft is in the ballot boxes, and I challenge him now to allow those ballot boxes to be opened and those votes to be honestly counted."

In conclusion Mr. Hearst said:

"Finally, I say that the same recognized and unwritten rule that makes the President of the United States the President of all the people, and not of any faction or section, should apply to the officers of his administration, and that when Elihu Root, Secretary of State of the United States, drags his high federal office into a State election and into a personal and partisan attack he degrades his office to his own level."

Hughes Looks for Victory.

At the close of his speech-making tour to-day, Mr. Hughes said:

"I believe there is a determination in this fight, not merely to have a plurality, but to have a result which is decisive, and which will settle once for all the propaganda which has been exploited in this State. It is simply a question of getting out the vote. If that is done, victory is achieved. But the danger of overconfidence is ever great, and no one at this time must relax his individual efforts."

The Democratic committee received a telegram from Senator Dubois, of Idaho, saying that "the visit of Secretary Taft, under instruction of President Roosevelt, will carry encouragement to every polygamous household in Idaho and Utah."

He predicts that the Democrats will be triumphant in the former State.

Sent to Penitentiary.

Six months in the penitentiary was the penalty imposed to-day in the Court of Special Sessions on Charles Murray, for attempting to vote illegally at the primary election in the Sixth election district of the Eighteenth assembly district.

Edward Walsh, who was convicted of voting illegally at the same polling place, was sentenced to sixty days in the Tombs.

Sentence was suspended on Charles Skillen, who was convicted of having voted illegally in the Seventh election district of the Second assembly district.

William E. Hughes, nominee for the Brooklyn Supreme Court, who was convicted of having voted illegally at the same polling place, was sentenced to sixty days in the Tombs.

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DEMOCRATS PLEASED

Committee Issues Bulletins About Political Situation.

BOWERS COMPLIMENTS GRIGGS

Says Republicans Are Much Concerned Over Prediction of Investigation if Party is Successful—Senator Dubois Wires that Mormonism Is Issue in Idaho This Year.

Three bulletins, bearing upon the political situation, were issued yesterday at the headquarters of the Democratic Congressional Committee. The first was an interview with Vice Chairman Eaton Jackson Bowers, whose hirsute adornment is the pride and glory of the Mississippi district which he has the honor to represent in Congress. Mr. Bowers began by throwing a verbal bouquet at Chairman Griggs. He said:

"Some of the Republican orators are apparently much concerned over Judge Griggs' utterance, with reference to the investigations that will result if the Democrats are successful in the campaign, and well they may be." Vice Chairman Bowers then discussed the scandal over the State capital in Pennsylvania. Flingspots, he said, were purchased for \$850, when they could have been had for \$55. Mr. Bowers said in conclusion: "Some weeks ago, in summing up the issues of this campaign, I announced that they could all be included in the question, 'Shall we be honest or dishonest?' The Mississippiian intends to hold his breath until the question is answered Tuesday."

Senator Dubois Telegraphs.

Bulletin No. 2 embraces a telegram from Senator Dubois, of Idaho, relative to the progress of the campaign in that State. Mr. Dubois declares that Mormonism is the issue in Idaho this year. He "charges" the visit of Secretary Taft, under instructions of President Roosevelt, will carry encouragement to every polygamous household in Idaho and Utah."

He predicts, however, that the Democrats will be triumphant in the former State.

In bulletin No. 3 the election of Marmaduke H. Dent, the Democratic nominee for Congress in the Second West Virginia district, is propounded. The bloody shirt is being waved in this fight. Stress is being laid by the Democrats on Candidate George C. Sturgis' legislative record on the Flick amendment, which restored ex-Confederates to citizenship in 1870. Flick was then a Democrat, but was not in the army. He opposed the measure enfranchising the Confederate soldiers. State taxes enter largely into the contest, with Gov. Dawson and Senator Elkins actively enlisted in Sturgis' behalf.

GRIGGS ACCUSES BOWERS

Says He Asked Postmaster Cushman for Political Contribution.

Charges Are Filled with Civil Service Commission, and Case Is Being Investigated.

The formal charge of pernicious activity in politics in West Virginia was made yesterday afternoon against George M. Bowers, United States fish commissioner.

Chairman Griggs, of the Democratic Congressional committee, in a letter sent to Civil Service Commissioner John C. Black, declares that Bowers has demanded of Alexander Chohan, postmaster at Martinsburg, W. Va., the sum of \$2,000 as a contribution to the Republican campaign funds. He says Bowers assigned as a reason for the request that Chohan held a government position. Chairman Griggs refers the commissioner to the postmaster and to John J. Hetzel, in concluding his letter, he says:

"I send this to you hurriedly by hand, in order that you may take the matter up at once, and if Mr. Bowers is violating the law, I hope you will take such steps as will prevent its further violation."

Commissioner Black has gone to investigate the charges.

CONCERT HUGE SUCCESS.

Calvary Baptist Hall Filled to Overflowing Last Night.

The sixteenth annual concert of the Vaughn Class, given at the Calvary Baptist Sunday School House at 8 o'clock last evening, was the most delightful and successful affair ever held under the auspices of this class. Fully 1,100 persons were present, filling the hall to overflowing. Seats were at a premium, and standing room around the walls and in doorways and windows was scarcely available. The hall was beautifully decorated with autumn leaves and flowers, and the bright costumes of the ladies made an exceedingly pretty picture.

The programme was an excellent one, including some of the best talent in the city, and every number was enjoyed. Those participating were: Mrs. Thomas C. Noyes, in songs; George O'Connor, popular songs; Leroy Oldham, reading, selected interpretations of character; Anton Kaspar, violin solos; Mrs. Frederick I. Bartlett, dramatic reading; bass solo by A. Owen Penney, and clarinet solo by Jacques L. Vanpoucke.

Panic Follows "L" Collision.

New York, Nov. 2.—A rear-end collision on the King's County "L" at Rockaway avenue and Fulton street, Brooklyn, to-night demolished two cars and seriously injured a motorman. Pandemonium reigned in the cars following the crash, and several women were prevented from leaping to the street only by the combined efforts of the guards.

William Randolph Hearst, the Man.

You know all about his newspapers, but there is much you do not know about Hearst himself, and the men who make his newspapers.

Read to-morrow's issue of The Washington Herald.

It will tell you about the men and the methods that have precipitated the bitterest and most notable campaign in the history of American politics.

November 4 is the date, and The Washington Herald the paper.

Ocean Steamships.

New York, Nov. 2.—Arrived: Steamship Chesapeake, from London, October 15. Arrived: from Kronprins Wilhelm, at Cherbourg, New York; Locust, at Queensboro from New York.

Sailed for foreign ports: Minneapolis, from London for New York; Teutonic, from Queenstown for New York.

Outgoing, sail Saturday: Ubris, for Liverpool, 7 a. m.; Philadelphia, for Southampton, 9:30 a. m.; Incoming steamer the Saturday, St. Paul, from Southampton, October 27; La Lorraine, from Havre, October 27; Campania, from Liverpool, October 27; Kaiserin Aug. Victoria, from Hamburg, October 26.

"LOVE SYNDICATE" WIDOW ILL.

Vernant Case Again Postponed, and Detectives Are Disappointed.

New York, Nov. 2.—When the case of the United States against Mrs. Helen Hamilton, better known as Mrs. Bluff E. Vernant, of the so-called "love syndicate" fame, was called before United States Commissioner Shields to-day, two middle-aged, patient-looking men picked up their ears and eyed the door hopefully.

They were Detective Sergeants McCarthy and Donohue, of the central office, who were to appear before Judge Keiser before Magistrate Cornell, on September 10.

"We've been looking for her ever since, and this examination to-day is the first gleam of hope that we'll get the woman," they explained.

The men were doomed to disappointment again, however.

The charge against Mrs. Vernant is use of the mails with intent to defraud James S. McClellan, a Philadelphia butcher, through promises of marriage. McClellan was not on hand, but United States District Attorney Francis J. Carroll was ready to go on with the examination without him, when Hugh Gordon Miller, attorney for the defendant, turned up with the announcement that she was seriously ill and confined to her bed.

The commissioner is not hard-hearted, but he is understood to be rather tired of postponements in the case of Mrs. Vernant. The case was postponed on November 12, on which day the woman must appear and confront McClellan and Leo Keiser. Keiser, who is connected with the Mutual Life Insurance Company, was to have been dropped by his charges against the woman.

SUES ON CONTRACT.

Wolf Company Wants \$16,491.70 Damages from Harry Burgess.

Harry A. Burgess, of this city, was made a defendant in a suit filed in the District Supreme Court against him yesterday by the Wolf Company, which seeks for the recovery of \$16,491.70, alleging breach of contract.

The Wolf Company states that on February 24, 1906, it agreed to furnish and erect a building which was to be provided by Burgess an ice-making plant. All it needed was the foundation upon which this plant could be placed with safety, and it alleges that Burgess agreed to supply the foundation. But now the company complains that Burgess not only failed to furnish the foundation, but thereby also prevented it from completing its part of the work, as bound by contract.

Brandenburg & Brandenburg were the attorneys for the plaintiff.

ARREST IN LESLIE MURDER.

Prisoner Confesses Sharing Loot Taken from Strangled Actress.

Chicago, Nov. 2.—Betrayed, partly by his own father, partly by his own loquacity of tongue, Leonard Leopold is at last under arrest at Wausau, Wis., charged with complicity in the robbery and murder of actress Margaret Leslie at the Palace Hotel here three weeks ago.

Detective Alfred Hansen, who knows Leopold, has gone to Wausau to get the prisoner. Leopold says Howard E. Nicholas, who accused him, committed the murder, but admits that he took a share of the loot. Leopold says he fled first to Iowa, where a suspect was taken from the seat next to his own on the train on which he was a passenger, then to Minnesota, and finally to Wausau.

Leopold's story is that Nicholas killed Leslie and afterward gave the former a share of her diamonds for his aid in disposing of the body. Leopold says he fled first to Iowa, where a suspect was taken from the seat next to his own on the train on which he was a passenger, then to Minnesota, and finally to Wausau.

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